

ATHERSTONE Rural District Council

ANNUAL REPORTS

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND THE

SANITARY INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR 1944

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REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Atherstone

October, 1945.

To the Chairman and Members of the Atherstone Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

I have the pleasure of presenting my report as Medical Officer of Health for the year ended 31st December, 1944.

The district consists of twelve parishes. The population at the 1931 Census was 21,869, distributed as follows:—

WARWICKSHIRE

		Males	Females	Total
Ansley		 1059	1012	2071
Atherstone		 3085	3160	6245
Baddesley l	Ensor	 843	760	1603
Baxterley		 215	193	408
Bentley		 139	118	257
Caldecote		 84	49	133
Grendon		 644	612	1256
Hartshill		 1292	1250	2542
Mancetter		 353	349	702
Merevale		 42	60	102
Oldbury		 37	47	84
Polesworth		 3407	3059	6466
				21,869
				21,009

The estimate of resident population at mid-year 1944 is 21,810—and it is on this figure that the vital statistics have been taken. The vital statistics reckoned on the figure of 21,810 are as

follows:-

			Rate	per 1,000
	Legitimate	Illegitimate	Total Po	opulation
Live Births	 448	16	464	21.2
Still Births	 10	I	ΙΙ	
Deaths	 		239	10.9

For England and Wales the live birth rate was 17.6; and the death rate 11.6 per 1,000 of population.

Nineteen infants, under the age of one year, died in the district during 1944, giving an infantile mortality rate of 40.9 per 1,000 live births.

Deaths in the district during the year were due to: Heart Disease, 70; other diseases of circulatory system, 4; Cancer, 29; Pulmonary Tuberculisis, 10; other forms of Tuberculosis, 2; Diabetes, 1; Cerebro-Spinal Fever, 1; Acute Infantile Encephalitis, 1; Cerebral Hæmorrhage, 35; Bronchitis, 8; Pneumonia, 8; Ulcer of Stomach or Duodenum, 2; Diarrhæa under 2 years, 2; other digestive diseases, 4; Kidney Disease, 10; Maternal Causes, 3; Premature Birth, Congenital Debility, etc., 13; Violence, 17; other causes, 19.

Male deaths numbered 122 and Female deaths 117. Male births numbered 226 and Female births 238.

INFANT WELFARE.

There are Centres at Atherstone, Hartshill, Polesworth and Dordon. Each Centre is managed by a Committee of ladies, who give their services and time to the work. The County Health Visitor and local Maternity Nurses are present. A medical man attends every other week.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

The number of notifiable infectious disease cases during 1944 were:

Scarlet Fever, 40; Diphtheria, 13; Pueumonia, 48; Erysipelas, 11; Acute Anterior Poliomyelitis, 1; Cerebro-Spinal Fever, 1; Ophthalmia Neonatorum, 1; Paratyphoid Fever, 1.

It will be seen that 13 cases of Diphtheria were notified in the year. None of the cases had been immunised; one was of school age, one pre-school age and eleven were adults, three being German Prisoners of War.

The number of cases of Diphtheria notified in 1930 was 31. The following years respectively were 50, 10, 17, 62, 42, 60, 41, 27, 10, 10, 41, 23 and 1 in 1943.

ISOLATION HOSPITAL

64 cases were treated in the Hospital during 1944, namely 16 cases of Diphtheria and 48 cases of Scarlet Fever.

I am,

Yours truly,

HENRY R. FISHER, M.B., B.CH., (Cantab.)

Medical Officer of Health.

REPORT OF THE SANITARY INSPECTOR

Council Offices,

Atherstone.

To the Chairman and Members of the Atherstone Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit to you my report on the work of my department during the year ended 31st December, 1944.

GENERAL INSPECTION

The general inspection of the various premises within the district for the discovery of conditions causing or likely to cause nuisance has been carried out. The total number of inspections, interviews and re-visits made is 2,740, and the number of defects and nuisances for which notices were given is 1,334.

The following list gives some of the principal nuisances and defects (excluding defects under the Housing Act, 1936) which have been dealt with.

General defects on property	 414
Defective closet accommodation	 28
Defective and blocked drains	 58
Rats and Mice Destruction Act	 39
Nuisances from keeping animals	 15
Offensive accumulations	 9
Conditions at farms and dairies	 72

The total number of dwelling-houses inspected for the year is 253 and, including re-visits, inspections numbered 567.

173 houses were found to be not in all respects fit for human habitation. 151 of these were rendered fit, 22 being transferred to 1945 records.

One house was represented under Section II of the Housing Act, 1936, and a demolition order was made.

There are no Common Lodging Houses or Houses-Let-In-Lodgings in the district.

The following list is extracted from the Progress Report (Unhealthy Areas and Insanitary Houses) to the 31st March, 1945. This includes to that date action taken under the Housing Act, 1930, and the corresponding provisions in the Housing Act, 1936.

CLEARANCE AREAS:

	252 952
INSANITARY HOUSES Not Included Above:	
Number of dwelling-houses demolished as a result of formal procedure under Section 11	14
Number of dwelling-houses demolished as a result of informal notices preliminary to formal procedure under Section 11	5
Number of dwelling-houses closed but not demolished as a result of undertakings (which have not been cancelled) by owners under Section 11 not to use houses for human habitation	8
Parts of buildings closed under Section 12	1
Number of persons displaced under first sub-head	52
Number of dwelling-houses made fit as a result of formal notices under Sections 9 to 12	53
Number of dwelling-houses made fit as a result of informal notices preliminary to formal procedure under Sections 9 to 12	572

DAIRIES, COWSHEDS AND MILK SUPPLY

There are 165 farms and cowkeepers in the district. Of these 116 produce milk for sale and the following are the numbers of persons registered under the Milk and Dairies Order, 1926.

Producers in the	district	 	116
Producers outside	the district	 	3
Retail purveyors		 	50

317 visits of inspection and of works in progress were carried out. Generally speaking the premises, also the animals and milk vessels, are kept in a satisfactory condition. In seven cases it was necessary to caution occupiers regarding cleanliness and limewashing.

Of the producers in the district, 45 are Accredited and nine Tuberculin Tested producers.

I have carried out the National Milk Testing and Advisory Scheme in connection with the producer-retailers in the district. For this purpose 560 samples of Milk were taken and tested for keeping quality.

Comparison of 1944 results with those obtained at the outset of the Scheme in 1943 shewed that there was considerable improvement in keeping quality of the milk produced.

Cases of failure to produce milk of good keeping quality were generally found to be through insufficient cleansing and sterilisation of milk utensils and milking machines.

Eleven other samples of milk were taken and submitted to biological examination. None of these were found to contain tubercle bacilli. When tubercle bacilli are found in the milk the County Council are informed and the Divisional Veterinary Inspector takes such measures as are necessary to find the source of infection.

The following list gives the improvements, structural alterations and repairs carried out at farms in the district for the nine months.

Farm No. 1:

New dairy and new boiler house constructed.

Farm No. 2:

Two cowsheds made into one.

Cowshed floor concreted, walls cement rendered, new hopper windows fixed, new boozings set, ventilation improved and hay racks taken out.

New dairy and boiler house constructed.

New drainage system laid from farm buildings.

Farm No. 3:

New septic tank and percolating bed built.

Farm No. 4:

Council main water laid on.

Farm No. 5:

Hot water supply system extended to dairy.

Farm No. 6:

Two cowsheds totally re-modelled, floors concreted, new boozings set, new standing divisions lixed, new hopper windows provided, ventilation improved, loft removed and water laid in.

New dairy and boiler house constructed.

New drainage system from farm buildings laid.

Farm No. 7:

New dairy constructed.

Farm No. 8:

Council main water laid on.

Farm No. 9:

Council main water laid on

Farm No. 10:

New double cowshed for 32 cows built.

Farm No. 11:

Council main water laid on.

Farm No. 12:

New double cowshed built for 16 cows."

Farm No. 13:

Cowshed for 16 cows extended to house further 11 cows.

Existing cowshed floor concreted, causeway concreted, new boozings set, new standing divisions fixed, new hopper windows provided, ventilation improved and water laid in.

Dairy floor concreted and walls cement rendered.

Farm No. 14:

New hopper windows fixed in cowshed.

New boiler house constructed.

Farm No. 15:

Head-to-head shed for 36 cows totally reconstructed to tail-to-tail type.

New drainage laid from cowshed.

Dairy floor concreted, walls cement rendered and new windows fixed.

Farm No. 16:

New dairy built.

New drainage system laid from farm buildings and new cesspool built.

Farm No. 17:

New septic tank and percolating bed built.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

The slaughter of animals for food for this district is carried out at the Government Abattoir at Nuneaton. The carcases and offals are inspected there before allocation.

There were 1,596 pigs killed for private consumption in the district in the year. Of these, as time permitted, I inspected 269. Incidence of diseased conditions in these was slight, owing evidently to care in feeding, segregation in general and cleanliness. In only eight instances was evidence of tuberculosis present and in no case was it advanced or generalised. The disposal of infected organs was directed upon. In only one case was a carcase and all organs found to be unfit for food—this a case of septicæmia.

The Public Health (Meat) Regulations are complied with by the butchers; also grocers and others are satisfactorily dealing with the storage of hams and bacon.

Premises where food is stored or prepared are inspected. 309 visits were paid to such premises in the year. There are 92 registered premises for the preparation of or manufacture of preserved food, etc.

The following table shows the articles of food which were inspected at the premises of grocers, greengrocers, butchers, etc., and were found to be unfit for human consumption. The same were destroyed.

Number	Details	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
5-1 29-5 2.3 ———————————————————————————————————	Eggs (Rotten and Broken) Tins Meat, Milk, Fruit, Fish,Soups and Vegetables (Blown, Holed, etc.) 1-lb. Cakes (Stale) Flour (Contaminated in transit)* Margarine (Discoloured)*. Bacon and Ham (Decomposition) Oranges and Lemons (Rotten) Fish Cakes (Mouldy) Sausages (Decomposition) Rice (Contaminated) Cheese (Stale) Carcase and all Organs of one Pig (Septicaemia) One Pig's Liver (Cirrhosis)	3 -2 -1 5 1	- - 3 - 1 - 3 - -	4 16 23 6 22 18 14 17 4 3 2 5
	(Items marked " * " were salvaged)	15	1	22

FACTORIES.

There are III factories on the Registers. Of these 25 are bakehouses.

These premises are visited at intervals as shown by the table below.

There are 31 outworkers employed by hat manufacturers in the district.

The sanitary conditions of factories has been well maintained and no complaints have been received from H.M. Inspector of Factories.

Details	Inspections	Written Notices	Prose- cutions
Factories	50	_	
		Defects Found	Defects Remedied
Want of cleanliness		$\frac{2}{6}$	<u>2</u> <u>5</u>
Sanitary Accommodation Unsuitable or defective Not separate for sexes			_
Total		8	7

WATER SUPPLY

Nineteen samples of water were taken during the year. 16 were for chemical and three for bacteriological examination. Two samples were of the district main supply, fifteen were of well water supplies and two were in connection with Rivers Pollution.

The Public Analyst reported that the District main water was chemically of excellent quality and suitable for use as a public supply. The water from five wells was reasonably safe water for use for drinking purposes and water from a further eight wells as unsafe for drinking. One of these latter wells was cleansed and repaired, two have been put into disuse. Council main water is being laid on to replace another and the other four wells serve owner-occupied premises which are inaccessible to Council mains at present. The owner-occupiers have adopted boiling precautions before using the water.

WORKS DONE AND NUISANCES ABATED AT PREMISES (OTHER THAN FARMS AND DAIRIES) DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1944.

HOUSING	EXTERNAL				
Walls-					
Taken down and reb	uilt			• • •	3
Raked and re-pointed					32
Door sills repaired or					8
Horizontal damp proc		ed			6
Vertical damp proofii					7
Open areas constructe					3
Sub-floor ventilation	provided or in	creased	• • •	* * *	3
Roofs—					
Stripped and re-slated	l or re-tiled				7
Repaired and made					41
Torched					I
Skylights repaired					3
Guttering—					
, .					
Repaired and/or new	provided and	fixed			31
Downspouts					
Repaired and/or new	provided and fi	xed	• • •		17
Clrimney Stacks					
Wholly or in part ta	ken down and	re-built			5
Raked and re-pointed					- 14
Pots provided and i		• • •			2
Yards, Courts and Passag	cs				
~					2
Taken up and re-laid			• • •		20)
Yard walls re-built					2

Water Supply—

	Laid on into houses					29
	Ctanalaina and annual					2
	Wells dis-used	• • • •				4
	New pumps provided to wells					2
	Wells cleansed					I
	Well steinings repaired					I
	Hot systems provided and fixed					4
	"Furred-up" services replaced	l				7
Drai	inage—					
	New lengths drain and/or drain	nage sy	stems	provid	led	24
						-8
	New inspection chambers constr					ΙI
	Septic tanks repaired					I
	Defective inspection chamber co			l		8
	Cesspools repaired					2
	New cesspools constructed					3
	Ventilation shafts repaired					2
	New gullies provided					26
	Obstructed drains released					25
Clos	set Accommodation—					
CIOS	set recommodation—					
	Conversions to W.Cs					2
	New W.C. compartments built					6
	New W.C. pedestals fixed					20
	W.C. cisterns repaired and/or					15
	Water supply laid on to W.Cs.					16
	Miscellaneous repairs to closet					30
	Privies converted to pails					3
Was	shing Accommodation—					
* * a.s	similg recommodation—					
	New wash-houses built					I
	Dilapidated coppers repaired					12
	New furnace pans fixed					3
	Copper flues repaired					2
	Water laid in to wash-houses					I
Ash	les Accommodation—					
	Now ook hing provided					
	New ash bins provided	• • •	• • •	• • •		19
	Ashpits put into dis-use			* * *	* * *	Ι

Outbuildings— Repaired	•••	12
Deinting		
Painting— Houses painted		12
INTERNAL		
Walls—		
Totally or in part re-plastered	• • •	57
Ceilings—		
Totally or in part re-plastered		39
Windows—		
New additional provided		2
Defective frames repaired or replaced		22
Windows re-corded		14
13		
Parisul virland and/or months boards final		7 7
Repaired, replaced and/or weather boards fixed	• • •	13
Floors—		
Boarded floors replaced and/or repaired		24
Quarry floors re-laid		25
New concrete floors laid		3
Staircases—		
Woodwork repaired		13
Handrails provided and fixed or repaired	• • •	3
Fire Ranges and Grates—		
Repaired and/or new fixed		22
Sinks -		
New sinks provided and fixed New wastes fitted or existing repaired	• • •	7
New wastes fitted or existing repaired	• • •	12
Sculleries—		
New constructed		I
Bathrooms—		
New bathrooms provided		4
New wash basins fixed		6
New baths fixed		4

MISCELLANEOUS

Rat infested premises cleared					33
Bakehouses cleansed and limewashed	1				4
Offensive accumulations removed					9
Keeping of animals nuisances abated					15
Food Preparing Premises—	• • •	• • •	• • •		13
New making-up places built					2
Cleansed and improved					7
River pollution prevented					2
Piggery floors concreted					3
Nuisances from camps abated					I
Verminous premises disinfested					12
TO: 4 1 1 1					3
Overcrowding abated					I
Nuisances at moveable dwellings ab					2
W.C. accommodation provided at p			itertaini	ment	I

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

All houses where infectious diseases were notified were disinfected and the bedding, clothing, etc., passed through the steam disinfector.

The homes of infectious tuberculous persons are similarly treated when a patient dies or is removed to sanatorium, etc.

Free supply of disinfectant for prophylactic measures in houses where infectious disease exists, is carried on from six premises in various parts of the district.

OFFENSIVE TRADES

There are three premises in the district where the business of Rag ond Bone dealing is carried on.

CANAL BOATS

Occasional visits have been made to the docks and wharves. Four boats were inspected. None of these were carrying offensive cargo, nor was any infectious disease met with.

SMOKE ABATEMENT

Throughout the year casual observation was kept on factory chimneys. No cases of undue emission of dense smoke were found.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen, Yours obediently,

SYDNEY B. ACTON,

M.R.San.I., M.S.I.A., C.S.I.B. Sanitary Inspector.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF INSPECTIONS.

Compiled by the Sanitary Inspector. For the Year 1st January, 1944, to 31st December, 1944.

		Number of Defects	Re	Result of Service of Notices	São
Nature of Inspections Made	Number	vere served		-	Prosecutions
		Statutory Informal	with	Kemaining Insti- in hand tuted	Pending
1. Dwelling-houses (General Inspections)	362	57 357	352	32	1
	205		439	200	1
	16	9 –	9	1	
	7+	- 17	17	-	1
	132	4 54	52	_ 9	
6. Defective Privy-Middens	9		x	1	
3.3	5		<u>س</u>		
S. ,, Ashpits	+	es	n		
	09	- 19	19		
Kee	7+	- 15	15	-	
	70		5		1
	317	37 35	69	3 –	
13. Factories	16	× -	1~	1	1
	0+	4	4		
			ļ		
	70	1	ļ	 - 	
	283]	
	102] '	'	 	
	39				
	29		4.		
	139		4		
,	571				
	19	1			
					1
25. Canal Boats	4		ļ		
26. Houses Let In Lodgings		-			
27. Common Lodging Houses	1	1			
	84	. 39	33	9	
	1+6			1	1
30. Miscellaneous	57		6	2	
Totals	2.740	451 883	1084	250	1



